











Zimbabwe

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score	WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score	WBL 2.0 expert opinions score
60.0	35.8	50.6

Women, Business and the Law 2024 (WBL 2024) identifies barriers for women’s economic empowerment in three areas: women’s legal rights, policy instruments designed to support the implementation of these rights, and how these rights are realized in practice. For that purpose, three new *Women, Business and the Law 2.0* indexes are presented for ten indicators: (1) legal frameworks, (2) supportive frameworks, and (3) expert opinions. For the WBL 2.0 legal frameworks index, 40 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. For the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks index, 30 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. Overall economy level legal and supportive frameworks scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. The WBL 2.0 expert opinions index is created for a total of 164 economies. Expert opinion scores are not available for 26 economies due to an insufficient number of responses received from those economies during data collection. Individual responses at the economy level for 15 expert opinions questions across the ten indicators are scored by taking the median value of all responses per question. The economy level expert opinions index is equal to the simple unweighted average of the ten indicator scores.

For Zimbabwe, data refer to the legal frameworks, supportive frameworks, and expert opinions that are applicable to the main business city (Harare). The scores for Zimbabwe are shown in the table below.

Women, Business and the Law 2024 2.0 indicator scores

										
WBL 2.0	Safety	Mobility	Workplace	Pay	Marriage	Parenthood	Childcare	Entrepreneurship	Assets	Pension
Legal frameworks score	25.0	100.0	50.0	75.0	75.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	75.0	100.0
Supportive frameworks score	25.0	66.7	33.3	50.0	33.3	33.3	0.0	33.3	33.3	50.0
Expert opinions score	25.0	75.0	62.5	31.3	50.0	43.8	25.0	43.8	75.0	75.0

In summary, the **WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score** for Zimbabwe (60.0 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (64.2) and higher than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (57.4). When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement and laws affecting the size of a woman's pension, Zimbabwe obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Zimbabwe is on the indicator measuring laws affecting childcare. To improve on the Childcare indicator, Zimbabwe may wish to consider legally establishing provision of childcare services in center-based settings, introducing legislation on any form of support to families for childcare services, putting in place legislation on any form of support to non-state childcare providers and adopting legislation on quality standards for the provision of childcare services in center-based settings.

The **WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score** for Zimbabwe (35.8 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (39.5) and higher than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (24.5). Zimbabwe does not attain a perfect score on any of the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks indicators. There is room for improvement across all ten indicators. As an example, one of the

lowest scores for Zimbabwe is on the indicator measuring supportive frameworks affecting childcare. To improve on the Childcare indicator, Zimbabwe may wish to consider establishing a publicly available registry or database of childcare providers, establishing a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by parents, establishing a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by non-state childcare providers and publishing reports on quality of childcare services at least within every 3 years.

The **WBL 2.0 expert opinions score** for Zimbabwe (50.6 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (65.7) and lower than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (54.6). Zimbabwe does not attain a perfect score on any of the WBL 2.0 expert opinion indicators. There is room for improvement across all ten indicators. As an example, one of the lowest scores for Zimbabwe is on the indicator measuring expert opinions on women's safety.

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks data

QUESTION	ANSWER	LEGAL BASIS
Safety		
Is there legislation on domestic violence?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Is there legislation on femicide?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Is there comprehensive legislation on sexual harassment?	Yes	Labour Act [Chapter 28:01], Secs. 6, 8, and 89(2)(c)(ii); Labour Amendment Act, Secs. 2, 5, and 6; Criminal Law (Codification and Reform) Act [Chapter 9:23], Art. 164B, as amended by the Data Protection Act [Chapter 11:22]
Is there legislation on child marriage?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Mobility		
Can a woman travel internationally in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Do women and men have equal rights to confer citizenship to their spouses and their children?	Yes	Constitution, Secs. 36 (1-a) and 38 (1)
Workplace		
Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender?	Yes	Labor Act, Sec. 5(1)
Does the law prohibit discrimination in recruitment based on marital status, parental status, and age?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law allow employees to request flexible work?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Pay		
Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Marriage		
Can a woman be "head of household" or "head of family" in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Is the law free of legal provisions that require a married woman to obey her husband?	Yes	Marriages Act, Sec. 6
Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man?	No	Matrimonial Causes Act, Secs. 3 and 4; Marriages Act, Sec. 45
Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located

Parenthood

Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers?	Yes	Labor Act, Sec. 18(1)
Are leave benefits for mothers paid solely by the government?	No	Labor Act, Sec. 18
Is there paid leave available to fathers?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited?	Yes	Labor Act, Sec. 5

Childcare

Does the law establish provision of childcare services in center-based settings?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish any form of support to families for childcare services?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish any form of support to non-state childcare providers?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish quality standards for the provision of childcare services in center-based settings?	No	No applicable provisions could be located

Entrepreneurship

Can a woman undertake entrepreneurial activities in the same way as a man?	Yes	General Laws Amendment Act, Sec. 15(1); Companies and other Business Entities Act, Secs. 6-19
Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender?	Yes	Prevention of Discrimination Act, Secs. 2(b), 2(c)(ii) and 5
Does the law prescribe a gender quota on corporate boards?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law include gender-sensitive procurement provisions for public procurement processes?	No	No applicable provisions could be located

Assets

Do men and women have equal administrative power and ownership rights to immovable property, including land?	No	Married Persons Property Act, Sec. 2; Deeds Registries Act, Sec. 15
Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets from their parents?	Yes	Deceased Estates Succession Act, Sec. 3b(II)
Do male and female surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Deceased Estates Succession Act, Sec. 3
Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions?	Yes	Matrimonial Causes Act, Sec. 7(4)

Pension

Are the ages at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits equal?	Yes	Pension and Other Benefits Scheme Statutory Instrument No. 393 of 1993, Art. 26
Are the ages at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits equal?	Yes	No applicable provisions could be located
Is the mandatory retirement age for men and women equal?	Yes	Pension and Other Benefits Scheme Statutory Instrument No. 393 of 1993, Art. 26
Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits?	Yes	Labor Act, Sec. 18(7)

WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks data

QUESTION	ANSWER	SOURCE
Safety		
Has the government developed comprehensive mechanisms to address violence against women?	Yes	One Stop Centres; Training on Sexual Abuse and Gender-Based Violence
Are there special procedures for cases of sexual harassment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a government entity responsible for the monitoring and implementation of national services, plans and programmes addressing violence against women?	No	Insufficient evidence located

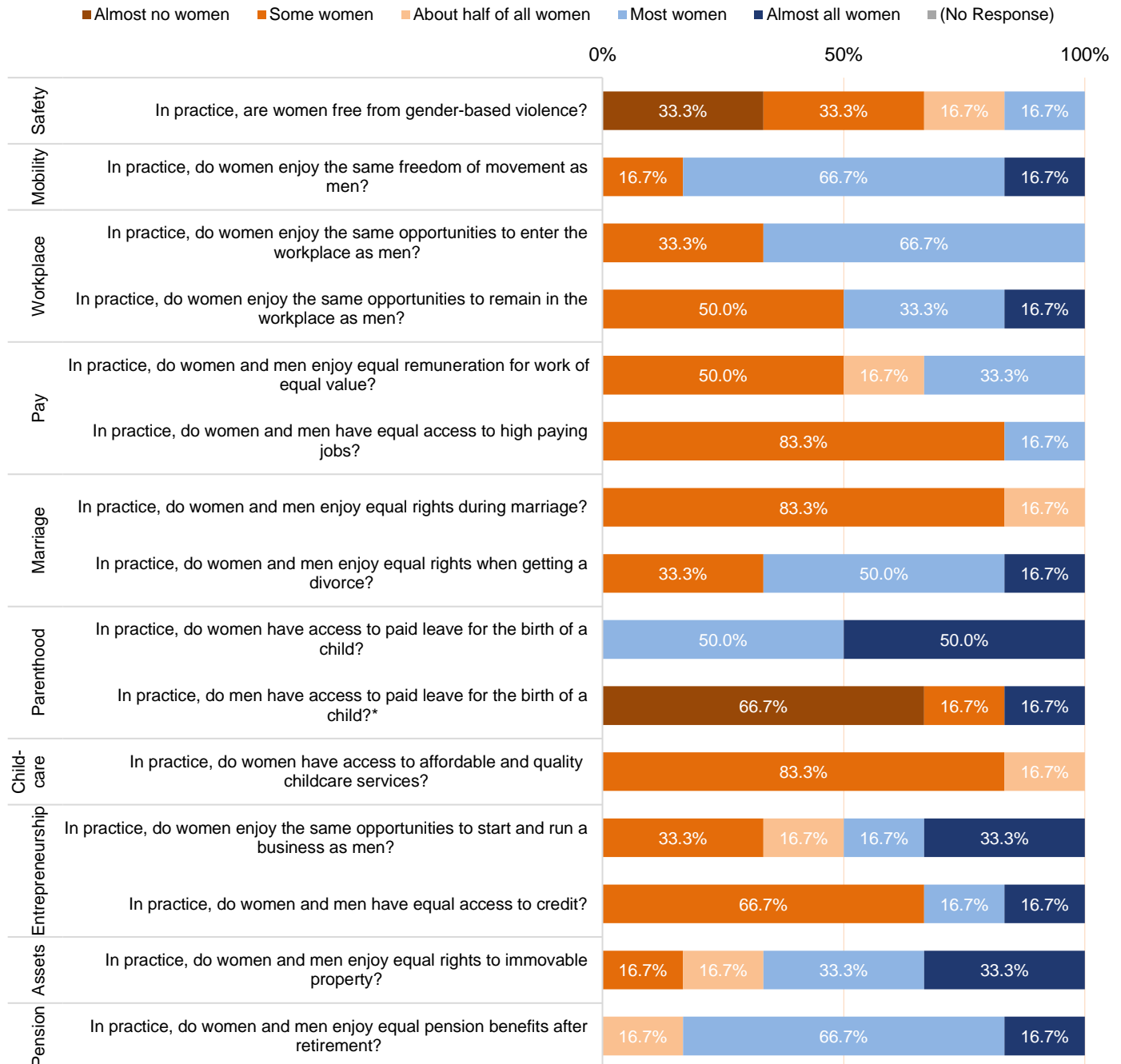
Is there an annual budgetary allocation towards violence against women risk mitigation, prevention and response programs?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Mobility		
Are passport application processes the same for women and men?	Yes	Passport application form; Passport application procedures
Are the application processes for official identity documents the same for women and men?	Yes	ID application procedures
Is there a current policy or plan that explicitly considers the specific mobility needs of women in public transportation?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Workplace		
Has the government published guidelines on non-discrimination based on gender in recruitment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has the government published guidelines on flexible work arrangements?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a specialized body that receives complaints about gender discrimination in employment?	Yes	Constitution of Zimbabwe, Secs. 245-246; Zimbabwe Gender Commission Act
Pay		
Are there pay transparency measures or enforcement mechanisms to address the gender pay gap?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is sex-disaggregated data on employment in different industries or sectors published at least on an annual basis?	Yes	Insufficient evidence located
Marriage		
Is there a fast-track process or procedure for family law disputes?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are there specialized family courts?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is legal aid available for family law disputes?	Yes	Legal Aid Directorate
Parenthood		
Is it possible to apply for maternity benefits through a single government application process?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are incentives in place to encourage fathers to take paternity leave on the birth of a child?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has sex-disaggregated data on unpaid care work been published?	Yes	Insufficient evidence located
Childcare		
Is there a publicly available registry or database of childcare providers?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by parents?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by non-state childcare providers?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has the government published any reports on quality of childcare services within the last 3 years?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Entrepreneurship		
Is sex-disaggregated data on business activities, entrepreneurship, or women-owned businesses published on a regular basis?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are there government-led programs that provide support to female entrepreneurs such as access to finance or regarding agency and empowerment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a current national government plan or strategy with a focus on women's access to financial services?	Yes	Zimbabwe National Financial Inclusion Strategy (2022-2026)
Assets		
Are there mechanisms or incentives to encourage women to register immovable property?	Yes	Deeds Registries Act, Sec. 23



Are there awareness measures in place to improve women's access to information about marital and inheritance rights?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is anonymized sex-disaggregated data on property ownership published on a regular basis?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Pension		
Are there incentives in place to increase women's retirement benefits?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a procedure in place for pension beneficiaries to challenge the decisions of the competent authority regarding their benefits?	Yes	National Social Security Authority Act, Chapter 17:04, Secs. 35-38; Pension and Other Benefits Scheme Statutory Instrument No. 393 of 1993, Secs. 53-55



WBL 2.0 distribution of expert opinion responses



*Note: The response options for the second Parenthood question above are formatted as almost no men, some men, about half of all men, most men, almost all men.