

Kiribati

Women, Business and the Law 2022 (WBL2022) presents an index covering 190 economies and structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Overall scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. Data refer to the laws and regulations that are applicable to the main business city (Tarawa). Different rules may apply in other jurisdictions so local legislation should be reviewed. Based on this approach, **Kiribati scores 76.3 out of 100**. The overall score for Kiribati is higher than the regional average observed across East Asia and the Pacific (71.9). Within the East Asia and the Pacific region, the maximum score observed is 91.9 (Hong Kong SAR, China).

Kiribati - Scores for Women, Business and the Law 2022



Relative Strengths

When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement, laws affecting women's decisions to work, laws affecting women's pay, and constraints related to marriage, Kiribati gets a perfect score.

Areas for Improvement

However, when it comes to laws affecting women's work after having children, constraints on women starting and running a business, gender differences in property and inheritance, and laws affecting the size of a woman's pension, Kiribati could consider reforms to improve legal equality for women.

For example, one of the lowest scores for Kiribati is on the indicator measuring laws affecting women's work after having children (the WBL2022 Parenthood indicator). To improve on the Parenthood indicator, Kiribati may wish to consider making paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers, making the government administer 100% of maternity leave benefits, making paid leave available to fathers, and making paid parental leave available.

Recent Reforms

No reforms were observed during the past year (October 2nd, 2020 – October 1st, 2021).



Further data details for Kiribati are available at:
<https://wbl.worldbank.org/en/data/exploreconomies/kiribati/2022>



	QUESTION	ANSWER	LEGAL BASIS
Mobility	Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman apply for a passport in the same way as a man?	Yes	Passports Act, Art. 4; Passport Application Form
	Can a woman travel outside the country in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Workplace	Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender?	Yes	Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015, Art. 107
	Is there legislation on sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	Employment and Industrial Relations Code, Art. 112
	Are there criminal penalties or civil remedies for sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	<i>Criminal:</i> Employment and Industrial Relations Code, Art. 112(4)(5) <i>Civil:</i> Employment and Industrial Relations Code, Arts. 112 and 130
Pay	Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015, Art. 114
	Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Marriage	Is there no legal provision that requires a married woman to obey her husband?	Yes	No applicable provisions could be located
	Can a woman be head of household in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Is there legislation specifically addressing domestic violence?	Yes	Family Peace Act
	Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Parenthood	Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers?	No	Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015, Art. 95
	Does the government pay 100% of maternity leave benefits?	No	Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015, Art. 95
	Is paid leave available to fathers?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Is there paid parental leave?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited?	Yes	Employment and Industrial Relations Code 2015, Arts. 101 and 107
Entrepreneurship	Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Can a woman sign a contract in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman register a business in the same way as a man?	Yes	Companies Act 2021, Sec. 7
	Can a woman open a bank account in the same way as man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Assets	Do men and women have equal ownership rights to immovable property?	No	Laws of Kiribati Act 1989, Sec. 5 and Schedule 1 Secs. 4h and 5
	Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets from their parents?	Yes	Intestates' Estates Act 1952, Sec. 1(2); Native Lands (Amendment) Act 2015
	Do female and male surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Intestates' Estates Act 1952, Sec. 1; Native Lands (Amendment) Act 2015
	Does the law grant spouses equal administrative authority over assets during marriage?	No	Laws of Kiribati Act 1989, Sec. 5 and Schedule 1 Secs. 4h and 5
	Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Pension	Is the age at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits the same?	Yes	Women: Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2005. Men: Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2005
	Is the age at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits the same?	Yes	Women: Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2005; Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2008. Men: Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2005; Provident Fund (Amendment) Act 2008
	Is the mandatory retirement age for men and women the same?	Yes	Women: No applicable provisions could be located. Men: No applicable provisions could be located
	Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits?	No	No applicable provisions could be located