

Lithuania

Women, Business and the Law 2020 presents an index covering 190 economies and structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across the eight indicators. Overall scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. Data refer to the laws and regulations that are applicable to the main business city (Vilnius). Different rules may apply in other jurisdictions so local legislation should be reviewed. Based on this approach, **Lithuania scores 93.8 out of 100**. The overall score for Lithuania is higher than the regional average observed across Europe & Central Asia (84.2).

Lithuania - Scores for Women, Business and the Law 2020



Relative Strengths

When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement, laws affecting women's decisions to work, laws affecting women's pay, constraints related to marriage, laws affecting women's work after having children, constraints on women's starting and running a business, and gender differences in property and inheritance, Lithuania gets a perfect score.

Areas for Improvement

However, when it comes to laws affecting the size of a women's pension, Lithuania could consider reforms to improve legal equality for women.

For example, one of the lowest scores for Lithuania is on the indicator related to laws affecting the size of a women's pension (the WBL2020 Pension Indicator). To improve on the Pension Indicator, Lithuania may wish to consider equalizing the ages at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits, and equalizing the ages at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits.

Recent Reforms (2018-2019)

No reforms impacting the WBL2020 indicators have been observed during the past two years.

	QUESTION	ANSWER	LEGAL BASIS
Mobility	Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 2.12, 3.3 (1) and 3.26, 3.27, 3.30
	Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.3 (1) and 3.26
	Can a woman apply for a passport in the same way as a man?	Yes	Law on Identity Card and Passport, Arts. 3, 12 and 13; Passport application procedures
Workplace	Can a woman travel outside the country in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.3 (1) and 3.26
	Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.3(1) and 3.26, 3.27
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender?	Yes	Law on Equal Opportunities for Women and Men, Arts. 1 and 6
	Is there legislation on sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	Criminal Code, Art. 152; Law on Equal Opportunities for Women and Men, Art. 6(4)
Pay	Are there criminal penalties or civil remedies for sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	<i>Criminal:</i> Criminal Code, Art. 152 <i>Civil:</i> Law on Equal Opportunities for Women and Men, Arts. 11(5), 18 and 24(1)
	Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	Law on Equal Opportunities for Women and Men, Art. 5
	Can women work the same night hours as men?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can women work in jobs dangerous in the same way as men?	Yes	Jobs deemed hazardous: No restrictions could be located Jobs deemed arduous: No restrictions could be located Jobs deemed morally inappropriate: No restrictions could be located
	Are women able to work in the same industries as men?	Yes	Mining: No restrictions could be located Construction: No restrictions could be located Factories: No restrictions could be located Agriculture: No restrictions could be located Energy: No restrictions could be located Water: No restrictions could be located Transportation: No restrictions could be located Other: No restrictions could be located
Marriage	Is there no legal provision that requires a married woman to obey her husband?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.26, 3.27 and 3.3(1)
	Can a woman be head of household in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.3(1), 3.26, 3.27 and 3.30
	Is there legislation specifically addressing domestic violence?	Yes	Law on Protection Against Domestic Violence; Criminal Code, Arts. 129, 135 and 140
	Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Parenthood	Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers?	Yes	Labor Code, Art. 132
	Does the government pay 100% of maternity leave benefits?	Yes	Law No. IX-11 on Sickness and Maternity Social Insurance, Art. 3
	Is there paid paternity leave?	Yes	Labor Code, Art. 133
	Is there paid parental leave?	Yes	Law on Sickness and Maternity Social Insurance, Art. 21
Entrepren.	Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited?	Yes	Labor Code, Art. 61
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender?	Yes	Law on Equal Opportunities of Women and Men, Art. 7
	Can a woman sign a contract in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Art. 3.3(1)
Assets	Can a woman register a business in the same way as a man?	Yes	Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania, Art. 14
	Can a woman open a bank account in the same way as man?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Art. 3.3(1)
	Do men and women have equal ownership rights to immovable property?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.26, 3.92 and 3.97
	Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets from their parents?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 5.11 and 5.13
	Do female and male surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 5.11 and 5.13
	Does the law grant spouses equal administrative authority over assets during marriage?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Art. 3.92
Pension	Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions?	Yes	Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania, Arts. 3.87 - 3.89
	Are the ages at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits equal?	No	Women: Law on State Social Insurance Pensions, Arts. 15 and 57 and Annex 7 Men: Law on State Social Insurance Pensions, Arts. 15 and 57 and Annex 7
	Are the ages at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits equal?	No	Women: Law on State Social Insurance Pensions, Arts. 2-22 and 57 Men: Law on State Social Insurance Pensions, Arts. 2-22 and 57
	Are the mandatory retirement ages for men and women equal?	Yes	Women: No applicable provisions could be located Men: No applicable provisions could be located
	Are periods of absence due to child care accounted for in pension benefits?	Yes	Law on State Social Insurance Pensions, Art. 1.3(1)