WOMEN, BUSINESS AND THE LAW 2024

Mali



Women, Business and the Law 2024 (WBL 2024) identifies barriers for women's economic empowerment in three areas: women's legal rights, policy instruments designed to support the implementation of these rights, and how these rights are realized in practice. For that purpose, three new *Women, Business and the Law* 2.0 indexes are presented for ten indicators: (1) legal frameworks, (2) supportive frameworks, and (3) expert opinions. For the WBL 2.0 legal frameworks index, 40 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. For the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks index, 30 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. Overall economy level legal and supportive frameworks scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. The WBL 2.0 expert opinions index is created for a total of 164 economies. Expert opinion scores are not available for 26 economies due to an insufficient number of responses received from those economies during data collection. Individual responses at the economy level for 15 expert opinions questions across the ten indicators are scored by taking the median value of all responses per question. The economy level expert opinions index is equal to the simple unweighted average of the ten indicator scores.

For Mali, data refer to the legal frameworks, supportive frameworks, and expert opinions that are applicable to the main business city (Bamako). The scores for Mali are shown in the table below.

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|-----------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|------|----------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| WBL 2.0 | Safety | Mobility | Workplace | Pay | Marriage | Parenthood | Childcare | Entrepren- eurship | Assets | Pension |
| Legal frameworks score | 0.0 | 75.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 75.0 | 100.0 |
| Supportive frameworks score | 0.0 | 66.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 |
| Expert opinions score | 0.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 25.0 | 12.5 | 62.5 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 100.0 |

Women, Business and the Law 2024 2.0 indicator scores

In summary, the **WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score** for Mali (47.5 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (64.2) and lower than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (57.4). When it comes to laws affecting the size of a woman's pension, Mali obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Mali is on the indicator measuring laws affecting women's safety. To improve on the Safety indicator, Mali may wish to consider putting in place legislation on domestic violence, introducing legislation on femicide, adopting comprehensive legislation on sexual harassment and introducing legislation on child marriage.

The **WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score** for Mali (15.0 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (39.5) and lower than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (24.5). Mali does not attain a perfect score on any of the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks indicators. There is room for improvement across all ten indicators. As an example, one of the lowest scores for Mali is on the indicator measuring supportive frameworks affecting women's safety. To improve on the Safety indicator, Mali may wish to consider developing comprehensive mechanisms to address violence against women, putting in place



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special procedures for cases of sexual harassment, designating a government entity responsible for the monitoring and implementation of national services, plans and programmes addressing violence against women, providing an annual budgetary allocation towards violence against women risk mitigation and prevention and response programs.

The **WBL 2.0 expert opinions score** for Mali (37.5 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (65.7) and lower than the Sub-Saharan Africa regional average (54.6). When it comes to expert opinions on women's pensions, Mali obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Mali is on the indicator measuring expert opinions on women's safety.

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks data

| QUESTION | ANSWER | LEGAL BASIS |
|--|--------|---|
| Safety | | |
| Is there legislation on domestic violence? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Is there legislation on femicide? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Is there comprehensive legislation on sexual harassment? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Is there legislation on child marriage? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Mobility | | |
| Can a woman travel internationally in the same way as a man? | Yes | Arrêté interministériel déterminant les conditions de délivrance du passeport biométrique national |
| Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man? | No | Loi no. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Art. 319 |
| Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Do women and men have equal rights to confer citizenship to their spouses and their children? | Yes | Loi no. 211-87 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Arts. 224, 233 et 1146 |
| Workplace | | |
| Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender? | Yes | Code du Travail en République du Mali, Art. L.4 nouveau |
| Does the law prohibit discrimination in recruitment based on marital status, parental status, and age? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law allow employees to request flexible work? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Pay | | |
| Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value? | Yes | Loi No. 2017-021/ du 12 juin 2017 Portant Modification de la Loi No. 92- 020 du 23 Septembre 1992 Portant Code du Travail en République du Mali, Art. L.95 nouveau |
| Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man? | No | Décret no. 2022-0125/PT-RM du 4 mars 2022 portant modification de certaines dispositions du décret no. 96-178/P-RM du 13 juin 1996 portant modalités d'application de diverses dispositions de la Loi no. 92-020 du 23 septembre 1992, modifiée, portant Code du travail, Art. 189.2; Code du Travail, Art. 186 |
| Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man? | No | Code du Travail, Art. 185 |
| Marriage | | |
| Can a woman be "head of household" or "head of family" in the same way as a man? | No | Loi no. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Art. 319 |
| Is the law free of legal provisions that require a married woman to obey her husband? | No | Loi no. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Art. 316 |
| Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man? | No | Loi no. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Arts. 366 et 373 |





Parenthood

| Farentilood | | |
|---|-----|--|
| Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers? | Yes | Code du Travail, Arts. 179 et 182 |
| Are leave benefits for mothers paid solely by the government? | Yes | Code de Prévoyance Sociale, Art. 31 |
| Is there paid leave available to fathers? | Yes | Code du Travail, Arts. 146 et 147; Code de Prévoyance Sociale, Arts. 36-38 |
| Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Childcare | | |
| Does the law establish provision of childcare services in center- based settings? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law establish any form of support to families for childcare services? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law establish any form of support to non-state childcare providers? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law establish quality standards for the provision of childcare services in center-based settings? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Entrepreneurship | | |
| Can a woman undertake entrepreneurial activities in the same way as a man? | Yes | No restrictions could be located |
| Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law prescribe a gender quota on corporate boards? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Does the law include gender-sensitive procurement provisions for public procurement processes? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Assets | | |
| Do men and women have equal administrative power and ownership rights to immovable property, including land? | Yes | Loi No. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Arts. 388 et 396; Loi no. 2017- 001/ DU 11 avril 2017 portant sur le foncier agricole, Art. 13 |
| Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets from their parents? | Yes | Loi No. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Arts. 753 et 773 |
| Do male and female surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets? | Yes | Loi No. 2011-087 portant code des personnes et de la famille, Arts. 770, 798 et 800 |
| Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions? | No | No applicable provisions could be located |
| Pension | | |
| Are the ages at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits equal? | Yes | Loi No. 2019-025 du 05 juillet 2019 Portant Modification du Code du Travail, Art. 60 Nouveau |
| Are the ages at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits equal? | Yes | Loi No. 2019-025 du 05 juillet 2019 Portant Modification du Code du Travail, Art. L60 Bis |
| Is the mandatory retirement age for men and women equal? | Yes | Loi No. 2019-025 du 05 juillet 2019 Portant Modification du Code du Travail, Art. 60 Nouveau |
| Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits? | Yes | Loi No. 99-41 du 12 août 1999 portant Code de Prévoyance Sociale, Art. 151 |

WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks data

| QUESTION | ANSWER | SOURCE |
|--|--------|-------------------------------|
| Safety | | |
| Has the government developed comprehensive mechanisms to address violence against women? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Are there special procedures for cases of sexual harassment? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Is there a government entity responsible for the monitoring and implementation of national services, plans and programmes addressing violence against women? | No | Insufficient evidence located |





| No | Insufficient evidence located |
|-----|---|
| | |
| Yes | Procédures et formulaire d'application de passeport |
| Yes | Procédures et formulaire d'application de carte d'identité |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Yes | Institut National de la Statistique (INSTAT): Consommation Pauvrete Bien-Etre des Menages 2022 |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | |
| No | Insufficient evidence located |
| | Yes No No |





| Are there awareness measures in place to improve women's access to information about marital and inheritance rights? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
|---|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Is anonymized sex-disaggregated data on property ownership published on a regular basis? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Pension | | |
| Are there incentives in place to increase women's retirement benefits? | No | Insufficient evidence located |
| Is there a procedure in place for pension beneficiaries to challenge the decisions of the competent authority regarding their benefits? | Yes | Code de Prévoyance Sociale, Art. 227 |





WBL 2.0 distribution of expert opinion responses

| | Almost no women Some women About half of all women | Most women | t all women ■ (No Res | | | oonse) | | |
|------------------|--|------------|-----------------------|-------|----------|--------|-------|--|
| | 0 | 0% | | | | | 100% | |
| Safety | In practice, are women free from gender-based violence? | 57 | .1% | | 14.3% | 28. | 6% | |
| Mobility | In practice, do women enjoy the same freedom of movement as men? | 28.6% | 28.6 | | 28. | 6% | 14.3% | |
| Workplace | In practice, do women enjoy the same opportunities to enter the workplace as men? | 28.6% | 28.6 | 5% | 28. | 6% | 14% | |
| Work | In practice, do women enjoy the same opportunities to remain in the workplace as men? | 57.1% | | | 28.6% 14 | | | |
| Į, | In practice, do women and men enjoy equal remuneration for work of equal value? | 14.3% | 42.9% | | 14.3% | 28. | 6% | |
| Pay | In practice, do women and men have equal access to high paying jobs? | | 85.7 | 7% | | | 14.3% | |
| Marriage | In practice, do women and men enjoy equal rights during marriage? | 57 | .1% | | 14.3% | 14.3% | 14% | |
| Marr | In practice, do women and men enjoy equal rights when getting a divorce? | 85.7% 14 | | | | | 14.3% | |
| thood | In practice, do women have access to paid leave for the birth of a child? | 14.3% 28 | .6% | | 57. | 1% | | |
| Parenthood | In practice, do men have access to paid leave for the birth of a child?* | 42.9% | | 14.3% | 14.3% | 28. | 6% | |
| Child- care | In practice, do women have access to affordable and quality childcare services? | 100.0% | | | | | | |
| neurship | In practice, do women enjoy the same opportunities to start and run a business as men? | 57 | .1% | | 14.3% | 14.3% | 14% | |
| Entrepreneurship | In practice, do women and men have equal access to credit? | 57 | .1% | | 14.3% | 14.3% | 14% | |
| | In practice, do women and men enjoy equal rights to immovable property? | | 71.4% | | | 14.3% | 14% | |
| Pension Assets | In practice, do women and men enjoy equal pension benefits after retirement? | 28.6% | | | 71.4% | | | |

*Note: The response options for the second Parenthood question above are formatted as almost no men, some men, about half of all men, most men, almost all men.

